

made me realize the seriousness of the situation.

"When I was put in solitary confinement for six days—not in a dungeon, in a room like a small single room in a hotel. At no time was I in a prison, but I was in a solitary confinement in Russia. I was removed on my own request to a general room, with occupants varying from seven to eleven, where I spent nearly eight months. This building was an old rooming house. It was primarily used for detention only, and the physical discomforts there were due to this fact.

"Generally speaking, the conditions were as good as, or better than, in the Soviet dining rooms outside, but I lost weight on them. Food packages from outside were permitted weekly, and in these I shared intermittently. There were periods of several weeks when I got nothing from outside and some packages sent apparently never reached me.

"I had one more hearing in November, which was without result. At intervals after January 1 I was informed officially that there were prospects of my release if the American Government formally demanded it on the basis of trade negotiations or in exchange for Communist prisoners in America.

"On June 6, by order of the prison physician, I was removed from Cheka detention to the hospital in another and better equipped prison especially for women, where I remained until released, receiving every care and attention. The first word of immediate prospect of my release came from Senator Francis, who called on July 23, and I was finally freed and taken to a railway station, arriving just seven minutes before the train left.

"Mrs. Harrison declared she gave no pledge to the Bolsheviks not to talk outside, but refused when asked for one, saying she would not accept release under any such conditions. She was kept in suspense up to the last day before her release, not knowing whether she was going to trial or to freedom.

TROTSKY DENIES RED ARMY IS MOBILIZING Forces Being Reduced, Says Russian War Minister.

By the Associated Press.

RIGA, July 31.—Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik War Minister, in an interview with the Rosta Agency at Moscow, denied all reports in circulation that the Bolsheviks are mobilizing against the States bordering on Russia. The interview quotes Trotsky as saying that the Russian Red army is three times smaller than it was nine months ago, and that it is being sent to the front to fight the war.

Trotsky added that it was true the Soviet Government was increasing the number of military schools, and that the army which the Government could put in the field, if compelled to do so, would be stronger than that of the past. He denied that the Russian Red army regiments were fighting under the banner of Joseph Stalin, the Russian Communist leader, against the Greeks.

DEPORTED RADICALS TRYING TO GET BACK Little Groups Trickling Across Latvian Border.

RIGA, Latvia, July 31.—Little groups of Russian Americans, who were deported or volunteered to go from America to Soviet Russia, are trickling back across the Latvian frontier from the land of the Bolsheviks very frequently these days, all with the hope of getting back to the United States.

These emigrants, according to American consular officials, who hear their stories and have to tell them to get back, are not much chance for them to get back, are greatly disappointed with what they found in the "Promised Land."

They tell of starvation and long rides in trains so packed with people that there is scarcely room to breathe.

Besides those who have succeeded in getting to Latvia there are many others who have written friends in Riga asking for money from America.

The Moscow correspondent of the Riga Rundschau writes as follows about the Russian-Americans inside the country:

"The numbers of Russian Communists expelled from America who with wry faces are selling their last goods and chattels on the Moscow market place are increasing every day.

"The Soviet Government is doing its utmost to keep these people above water by giving them even whole factories to run and to manage. But at these factories are very much run down even American spirit and energy are not sufficiently strong to set them in operation.

"A little better off are those of the immigrants who have managed to take with them from America their tools or goods produced by their trade. Such people are doing a big business and can afford to live well. Thus, the party of immigrants has succeeded in installing a small sewing factory containing about 800 sewing machines.

"Formerly the Soviet Government would have simply confiscated this lucrative enterprise, but at present the Government is a little wary, the more so as in this case they have to do with immigrants whom they make a point of treating with the greatest possible courtesy and consideration.

"Quite recently there arrived a party of Americans whose specialty is the construction of small dwelling houses. They are welcomed and aided by the Soviet Government."

THIRTY JEWS KILLED IN POGROMS IN UKRAINE Entire Population in Danger, Is Report in Cables.

Renewals of pogroms in the Ukraine, with several hundred Jews killed, is reported in cables to the Provisional American Jewish Congress, 1 Madison avenue, that organization announced yesterday.

On May 26, the announcement says, there were bloody pogroms at Luban and at Starobin, with twenty-five Jews killed and a number wounded at the former place and five killed and many wounded at the latter.

Luban Jews appealed to the Soviet authorities for relief and were told that there were no Communist organizations at Luban and no confidence could be reposed in such a population. The entire Jewish population of White Russia is endangered, the cables state.

JUGO-SLAVIA'S BUDGET HUGE.

BELGRADE, July 31.—The War Department of the new Kingdom of Jugoslavia will cost 2,000,000,000 dinars, half the Government's total budget, in the next fiscal year, despite vigorous efforts by the Minister of Finance to reduce expenses. This is a reduction of 500,000,000 dinars from the estimates asked for by the War Ministry.

The total budget estimates were 6,000,000,000 dinars, but this has been reduced to 4,000,000,000. The nominal exchange value of a dinar is about nineteen cents, but at the present rate it is worth about three cents.

RUSSIAN STRIKERS IN REIGN OF TERROR

Vladivostok Is Scene of Revolt Which Is Put Down by Militia.

JAPANESE IN FIGHTING Several of Their Officers Killed in Attack by Revolutionists.

KAPPEL FORCES ARMED Make Common Cause With Japs Against Partisan Bands.

By the Associated Press.

TOKYO, July 31.—Newspaper advices from Vladivostok say the workmen who have gone on a general strike are committing acts of terrorism with bombs and by shooting. The Japanese commander has issued 2,000 rifles to Kappel forces with which to make common cause against the partisan bands. An expedition is to be sent to Spaskoye, on the railway north of Nikolai.

REDS MAY HAVE TAKEN FREIBURG'S DOCUMENTS Suspected He Was Recruiting Men for 'White' Russia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Berlin, July 31.

Col. Freiburg, Berlin representative of Gen. Semenov, anti-Bolshevik leader in Siberia, still is without a trace of his private documents which were stolen from his apartment last week when his home was raided by men who declared they were Berlin police, but who are now believed to have been Communists.

Victor Kopp, head of the Russian Soviet mission in Berlin, declared that some weeks ago Col. Freiburg admitted in his presence that he was in Germany conducting a recruiting campaign here.

Col. Freiburg is said to have been recruiting men for the "White" Russian armies by the fact that in his complaint to the police regarding the raid on his apartment he says several thousand military passports and stamps were stolen with his papers.

CONFERENCE DEADLOCK FEARED BY JAPANESE Agreement on Basis of Discussions Is Suggested.

By the Associated Press.

TOKYO, July 31.—Unless the agenda for the coming conference on Far Eastern affairs is agreed upon in advance difficulties are likely to arise and questions be raised which will deadlock the conference, says a semi-official Japanese statement.

If the Powers desire to obtain the best possible results from the conference, it is added, questions involving merely particular Powers and questions regarding accomplished facts should be avoided. Any other course, it is declared, would result in needless complications, perhaps irritating some of the nations concerned.

The Foreign Office issued a statement outlining the last two notes exchanged by Japan and the United States relative to the coming disarmament and Far Eastern conference. These are America's reply to Japan's request for information as to the scope of the conference and Japan's rejoinder accepting participation in the Far Eastern discussion.

DANZIG ARMS FACTORY IS CLOSED BY LEAGUE Must Be Transformed For Other Purposes.

PARIS, July 31.—A despatch to the Havas Agency from Danzig says the arms and munitions factory there has been closed by order of the Council of the League of Nations.

A despatch from Geneva last month referred to an order which the Danzig factory had received shortly before the free city came under the supervision of the League of Nations for a large number of rifle barrels for Mexico. It was decided that the Council of the League could do nothing concerning the stopping of the manufacture of the rifle barrels, but it was declared that the Council could see to it that a promise to transform the arms plant into a bicycle factory or some other industry of peace was put into effect. Gen. Sir Richard Haking, High Commissioner under the League at Danzig, issued instructions that no more orders for arms should be accepted by the Danzig factory.

RAT PUTS OUT LIGHTS, ALARMING GERMAN CITY Confusion Prevails When Rodent Gets in Generator.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Berlin, July 31.

Consternation and confusion prevailed when all lights were extinguished and all street cars were stopped in Charlottenburg one day last week. Immediately reports were circulated that a general strike was threatened and Communists had cut the wires.

The real cause of the trouble, however, was that a rat had crawled into the generator and caused a short circuit. All light and power service was suspended for hours before the obstruction could be cleared.

LONG ISLAND DUCK LING served cold is a delicious treat. You find it frequently in celebrated restaurants on warm days. Served to guests at home it is sure to please. Order it from your own butcher.

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WAR ON CHOLERA RETARDED BY FILTH IN SOVIET TOWNS

Movements of Starving Population Also Spread Disease, Which Has Developed Into Big Epidemic in Many Districts, Says Moscow Publication.

By the Associated Press.

RIGA, Latvia, July 31.—The task of fighting the present serious cholera epidemic in Soviet Russia is magnified in its difficulties by the terrible sanitary state existing virtually throughout the country, says Dr. N. Semashko, Commissioner of Public Health of the Soviet Government, writing in the Moscow Izvestia.

"Dirt in the towns is such that even in dry weather persons who are fortunate enough to have overcoats walk in the streets in them; sewage and water supplies are in terrible disrepair," Dr. Semashko writes.

Added to this, says the doctor, is the "mass migration, as if it had been maliciously planned, distributing the infection from one place to another for thousands and tens of thousands of versts. The starving population of the Volga is moving to the South as an avalanche, sowing on its way infection and death. In the spring we proclaimed a water supply week and cleaning week, giving detailed instructions for carrying out the work. And what have we now? Where were the local responsible authorities at that time? Of course, better late than never."

General compulsory vaccination, quarantine of infected districts and immediate mobilization of sanitary personnel have been ordered. Repairs of sewage systems are being rushed and workmen have been appealed to to consider the "cholera front" an actual war front.

SHIPPING PRIVILEGE ISSUE TO COME UP Board Representatives to Confer With Owners of British Merchant Vessels.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Shipping board representatives will confer with British shipowners in London Tuesday in an effort to obtain fair treatment for American merchant vessels in the award of trade privileges in foreign ports.

In making this announcement to-day, the board said Capt. Ferris, district manager at London, had been instructed to make strong representations, particularly against alleged discrimination in the awarding of contracts for carrying Egyptian cotton to British and American ports.

It was considered probable, however, that the conference would have a still broader aspect and that the board would insist that its vessels have equal footing with British ships in the awarding of contracts for the transport of all classes of freight.

The board is understood to have complained to British shipping lines that American vessels had been denied cargoes of Egyptian cotton, although in many instances their bids were lower than those of British ships which got the contracts.

In negotiating with British shipping interests, officials here say, the board probably will take the position that if its vessels are not assured fair treatment they may be deemed advisable to invoke retaliatory measures.

Chairman Lasker is said to have urged that the Finance Corporation, in advancing funds for export of American goods, stipulate that they be shipped in American vessels.

'NO MORE WAR' SLOGAN OF GERMAN WORKERS Demonstration Made at Imperial Palace in Berlin.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, July 31.—In front of the Imperial Palace in the Lustgarten, where Emperor William seven years ago made his famous war speech prior to the declaration of hostilities against Russia, 10,000 red flags were flying to-day and thirty speakers inveighed against war.

Intended as a general anti-war protest, the demonstration, the radical speakers invading the sacred precincts of the Imperial Cathedral, the columns of which were decorated with red bunting. Anti-Monarchist speakers addressed the crowd from the steps of the cathedral, while boys and girls sold the Rote Fahne, the radical newspaper. Hundreds of crippled soldiers in wheel chairs were trundled about, pleading for money to help "Red Russia."

Many of the paraders carried banners reading "No more war." The demonstration was confined chiefly to the labor organizations, thirty of which were represented.

SEWER BLASTS INJURE 100. \$50,000 Damage Done in Downtown Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 31.—More than one hundred persons were injured and property damage estimated at \$50,000 was caused by a series of eight explosions in the downtown sewer system of Minneapolis late last night and early to-day. None of the injured is hurt seriously.

The explosions are believed to have been caused when a short circuit in a power cable manhole ignited sewer gas.

BRITISH CHEMISTS COMING.

Special transportation has been arranged for the members of the Society of Chemical Industry of Great Britain and the Canadian chemists who will attend an international meeting with the American Chemical Society here on September 8. There will be about 4,000 chemists present, of whom 800 will find accommodations at the various Columbia dormitories. The scientific sessions are to be held at Columbia.

SEIZED WHISKEY TOO RANK FOR HOSPITALS So \$20,000 of It Will Be Dumped in Delaware.

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 31.—Usually booze seized from bootleggers in this State is given to hospitals, but the \$20,000 worth of seized Scotch whiskey, Katz recently has failed to pass the required tests and will be emptied into the Delaware Bay off Dias Creek, fifteen miles north of here. Katz is an Atlantic City hotel keeper and was sentenced to six months in jail and \$500 fine for trying to transport the liquor to Atlantic City.

Sheriff Meade Tomlin of Cape May county said to-night the 152 cases of whiskey will be hauled under heavy guard from the county jail to the bay and taken to the middle of the bay on a scow. There each bottle will be broken and emptied into the water.

SENIOR NORRIS RALLYING.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Continued improvement in the condition of Senator Norris of Nebraska, who collapsed in the Senate several days ago, was reported to-night, but it was said that it would be some time before he would be able to resume work.

RHINELAND SHELVES IDEA OF SEPARATION Prefers to Stay in German Empire, at Least During Occupation by the Allies.

HELGOLAND WOULD QUIT Two Years Time Limit on Provinces' Decision on Unity Expires This Month.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1921, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Berlin, July 31.

In August will expire the two year period provided by the German Constitution in which the provinces may decide whether they prefer remaining with the German Empire or shall withdraw from it.

During the last twelve months the separatist propaganda in the Rhineland, which, it has been charged, was stimulated through French promises in connection with a Rhineland republic, has received a check, and most of the German political parties in the Rhineland have now announced their determination not to raise the question of separation from Germany as long as the allied occupation continues.

Support of the separatist movement is now without real significance. However, in Hanover the movement has been welcomed by the Guelen party, which has always been opposed traditionally to Prussian aggrandizement. Demonstrations against Prussia already have occurred there, and others undoubtedly will follow. In Hanover, on the other hand, the movement is without real foundation.

This is not true of the situation in Helgoland, which England ceded to Germany in 1890. Indeed, Helgoland is now endeavoring to break away from Prussia and tax ridden Germany. Responsible officials have sent a letter to the British seeking protection in this connection and are waiting a reply before the Government appeals to the League of Nations. Meanwhile the Government is indignant over the situation and threatens to prosecute the separatists and to charge their leader with treason.

The German Cabinet proposes putting the finishing touches on the new tax bill within the next few days. The proposed measure will then go before the committee of the Senate and the Reichstag, which will consider it while Parliament is in recess.

A Government official told THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent here today that passage of the measure probably will be delayed for some time, as the opposition to it in the Reichstag promises to be serious enough to make taxation the principal subject of discussion for several months.

AGREE ON REPATRIATION.

BUDAPEST, Hungary, July 31.—An agreement between Hungary and Soviet Russia for the repatriation of the Hungarian prisoners in Russia was signed to-day in the Chamber of Deputies. Under the arrangement, the prisoners are to be repatriated before the end of the present year.

TURKS WITHDRAW BEFORE THE GREEKS Landing of Troops on Black Sea Coast Said to Have Demoralized Nationalists.

Greek Official Agency.

ATHENS, July 31.—The three points on the Black Sea coast at which Greek forces were landed last week are Ineboli, Sinope and Isertli. The troops landed at Isertli have begun a march on Adana. Threatened by these landings, the Turkish Nationalists are continuing their withdrawal toward Angora.

The commander of the Greek air forces reports the capture of the Turkish steamship Kiri with a cargo of merchandise worth 300,000 drachmas, as well as 700,000 drachmas in currency. The Turks are reported by the commander to be demoralized by the blockade of the Black Sea coast, the Greeks operating within range of the guns at Samson without being fired upon.

The newspaper Kronika prints a statement that the existence of relations between the Bulgarians and Turkish Nationalists has been confirmed, and asserts that the two Governments are negotiating an agreement aimed at stirring up trouble in the new Greek territories of Thrace and Macedonia.

M. Tchitcherine, the Russian Soviet Foreign Minister, has sent a wireless message to the Greek Foreign Minister, offering the release of two Greek steamships and their crews, which are held by the Russians.

In his message M. Tchitcherine pointed out that the offer was made in view of the fact that Russia and Greece were not at war against each other, and that it was conditional upon the release by the Greeks of two steamships belonging to the Republic of Azerbaijan, an ally of the Soviet Government. The Greek Government is agreeable to this exchange.

SPAIN SENDS RELIEF TO MOROCCAN FORCES Tribesmen Make Another Attack on Montarrut.

MADRID, July 31.—Reinforcements are being sent forward without difficulty to the relief of the Spanish troops in outlying positions in the Melilla battle area, says an official statement on the Moroccan fighting, issued early to-day. In general the situation in the area is unchanged.

A column from San Jugo has reached Alalayot with supplies, while airplanes carried food and munitions to Zoluan and Montarrut. Outbreaks and disorders are reported from Nador.

The officers of the detachments sent to Morocco to reinforce the Spanish forces there included many members of the Spanish aristocracy, who volunteered to go to the war zone. The Duchess Victoria and other ladies of the nobility have joined the Red Cross for relief work in Morocco.

The tribesmen made another feeble attack upon Montarrut.

IRISH RAILWAY 'ROBBER' TIED TO CHURCH FENCE County Down Motorist Slain by an Ulster Sentry.

BELFAST, July 31.—"Robber of the Macroom Railway" was the inscription on a card fastened to the breast of a man found tied to the railings in front of St. Francis Church, on Liberty street, this morning. The upper part of the man's face was concealed with a handkerchief.

Thousands of persons gathered about the spot, reading the inscription and wondering who was responsible for the unusual incident, which was closed when the police finally came along and liberated the man. It is understood the happening was connected with the recent theft of \$1,000 from a train bound from Cork to Macroom. This robbery was committed by four armed men, who boarded the train at Bishopstown, and after holding up the conductor left with the money, which was being taken to the pay station at Macroom.

Thomas Reid, 30 years old, caretaker of Orange Hall, near Comber, County Down, was shot dead by a sentry last night while motoring past the Ulster special camp at Newtownards. Reid did not hear the sentry's challenge, it is thought, because of the noise his motor car was making.

AUTUMN BUSINESS OUTLOOK IMPROVES Prospects for Knit Goods and Cotton Textiles Said to Be Encouraging.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Business reaction in basic lines of industry still was reflected during July in volume of business, extent of unemployment and depression of production, said the monthly review of general economic conditions issued to-night by the Federal Reserve Board. It was added that seasonal dullness in practically all kinds of trade prevented material alteration in general business conditions.

Copper and zinc, which were said to suffer from lack of demand and extreme depression of prices, were mentioned especially in this connection, although the board declared there had been noticeable improvement in production of cement and structural steel.

Midsummer retail business, the board asserted, has been in some respects better than usual, while the outlook for a satisfactory autumn business in a number of lines, such as knit goods and cotton textiles, was declared to be decidedly encouraging. Consumers' demand as reflected in the volume of retail trade continued as good as or better than at this time last year.

Continuing prospect of excellent food crops was declared to be the most hopeful feature in the general outlook. Little change in cotton crop was noted, with about two-thirds of last year's production expected.

Prior changes during the month have shown no pronounced tendencies. Greater stability was manifest in the textile, boot and shoe industries, although important declines have taken place in other lines, such as iron and steel, and particularly automobiles.

Labor authorities report serious depletion of the savings of men who have been out of work, as well as of unemployment fund of trade unions.

Money rates have become distinctly easier, but fluctuations in exchange and unstable foreign financial conditions have prevented any material improvement in foreign trade.

INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS DULL IN PHILADELPHIA Show Slight Improvement for Month of July.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—Industrial conditions in this city showed slight improvement for the month of July, according to a survey completed to-day by the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce.

In 72 per cent of the business establishments here employment has increased slightly; 8 per cent reported no change at all, and the remaining 20 per cent, announced slight cuts.

The Chamber reported finding many merchants placing "marked time" orders with the manufacturers and predictions are made for still greater decreases in the ranks of unemployed for August.

They offered to contribute a large portion of the purchase price, which may approximate \$50,000.

PLEAD FOR PLACID FORESTS. LAKE PLACID, July 31.—Members of the Lake Placid Shore Owners Association to-day appealed to State Conservation Commissioners Pettis to preserve a forestry tract of about 100 acres on the west shore of the lake, which is now held by lumber interests and threatened with denudation.

TIFFANY & Co. SILVERWARE

FIFTH AVENUE & 37th STREET

LAST CALL! Positively the final week of the clearance—\$40, \$50 and \$60 fabrics at \$27, greatest tailoring sale in history

NEXT Saturday the curtain goes down on the most sensational tailoring clearance ever staged in New York.

There never has been another sale to equal this one held by any tailoring institution.

And woolen prices will have to recede much farther than they promise to the rest of this year, before these values can be offered again.

For this sale, we have taken all small yardage fabrics in our \$40, \$50 to \$60 grades—the choicest remnants in our wholesale and retail stocks

—and have priced them at the uniform price of \$27 the suit or overcoat to order—to secure quick clearance before our Fall Line opens.

Most of the best patterns are still here—still available to you—as they were on July thirteenth, when we opened this great sale in New York.

The curtain is still up—and it will remain so—until the old tower clock on the Royal Plant sounds the curfew of this sale at 6:00 Saturday night.

Custom-Tailored to Your Order and Measure

- 1—1500 combinations in fabrics and fashions for your selection.
- 2—Your Suit or Overcoat drafted to 17 of your body dimensions—finest custom-tailor workmanship.
- 3—All pure wool fabrics exclusively.
- 4—Delivery in 10 working days after you place your order.
- 5—100% satisfaction—or your money back promptly.

A CLEAN SWEEP of all limited yardage remnants in our \$40, \$50 and \$60 grades

Suit or Overcoat to Order

At Our 4 Wholesale Salesrooms

Uptown: 5th Ave. and 42nd Street
Theatre District: 202 W. 49th Street
Midtown: 42nd Street and Broadway
Union Sq: 14th St. and University Pl.
Downtown: Park Row and Beekman
Theatre District: Here is open evenings until 9 P. M.

THE ROYAL TAILORS CHICAGO - NEW YORK

"The Product of a Great Institution"

OWENS & COMPANY, Inc. Foot of East 49th St., N. Y. C.

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